ribbon 1% inches in length and 1% inches in width composed of a blue stripe (1/16 inch), red band (5/16 inch), blue band (5/8 inch), red band (5/16 inch), and blue stripe (1/16 inch).

(b) Requirements. Service in the Philippine Islands under any of the following conditions:

(1) Ashore between February 4, 1899, and July 4, 1902.

- (2) Ashore in the Department of Mindanao between February 4, 1899, and December 31, 1904.
- (3) In operations against the Pulajanes on Leyte between July 20, 1906, and July 30, 1907, or on Samar between August 2, 1904, and June 30, 1907.
- (4) With any of the following expeditions:
- (i) Against Pala on Jolo between April and May 1905.
- (ii) Against Datu Ali on Mindanao in October 1905.
- (iii) Against hostile Moros on Mount Bud-Dajo, Jolo, March 1906.
- (iv) Against hostile Moros on Mount Bagsac, Jolo, between January and July 1913.
- (v) Against hostile Moros on Mindanao or Jolo between 1910 and 1913.
- (5) In any other action against hostile natives in which United States troops were killed or wounded between February 4, 1899, and December 31, 1913.

[13 FR 6799, Nov. 19, 1948]

§ 578.35 Philippine Congressional Medal.

Established by Act of Congress June 29, 1906.

(a) Description. The medal of bronze is 11/4 inches in diameter. On the obverse is a group composed of a color bearer holding a flag of the United States and supported by two men with rifles on their shoulders, the three facing dexter. The flag extends to the rim between the words "Phillipine" and "Insurrection." Below the group is the surrection." Below the group is the date "1899." On the reverse are the words "For patriotism, fortitude, and loyalty" in a wreath composed of a branch of pine on the left and a branch of palm on the right, the stems joined by a conventional knot. The medal is suspended by a ring from a silk moire ribbon 1% inches in length and 1% inches in width composed of a blue

stripe (1/16 inch), white stripe (1/16 inch), red stripe (1/8 inch), white stripe (1/8 inch), blue band (5/8 inch), white stripe (1/8 inch), red stripe (1/8 inch), white stripe (1/16 inch), and blue stripe (1/16 inch).

- (b) *Requirements.* Service, meeting all the following conditions:
- (1) Under a call of the President entered the Army between April 21 and October 26, 1898.
- (2) Served beyond the date on which entitled to discharge.
- (3) Ashore in the Philippine Islands between February 4, 1899, and July 4, 1902.

[13 FR 6799, Nov. 19, 1948]

§ 578.36 China Campaign Medal.

Established by WD General Orders 5, 1905.

- (a) *Description*. The medal of bronze is 1½ inches in diameter. On the obverse is the Imperial Chinese five-toed dragon with the head in full face in the middle, within a circle composed of the words "China Relief Expedition," with the dates "1900-1901" at the bottom. The reverse is the same as that of the Indian Campaign Medal. The medal is suspended by a ring from a silk moire ribbon 1¾ inches in length and 1¾ inches in width, composed of a blue stripe (½ inch), a yellow band (1¼ inches), and a blue stripe (½ inch).
- (b) *Requirements.* Service ashore in China with the Peking Relief expedition between June 20, 1900, and May 27, 1901.

[13 FR 6799, Nov. 19, 1948]

§ 578.37 Army of Cuban Pacification Medal.

Established by WD General Orders 96, 1909.

(a) Description. The medal of bronze is 1¼ inches in diameter. On the obverse is the coat of arms of the Cuban Republic with wreath and fasces, supported by two American soldiers with rifles, at parade rest. Above the group are the words "Cuban Pacification," below are the dates "1906–1909." The reverse is the same as that of the Indian Campaign Medal. The medal is suspended by a ring from a silk moire ribbon 1% inches in length and 1% inches in width composed of a red stripe (½ inch),